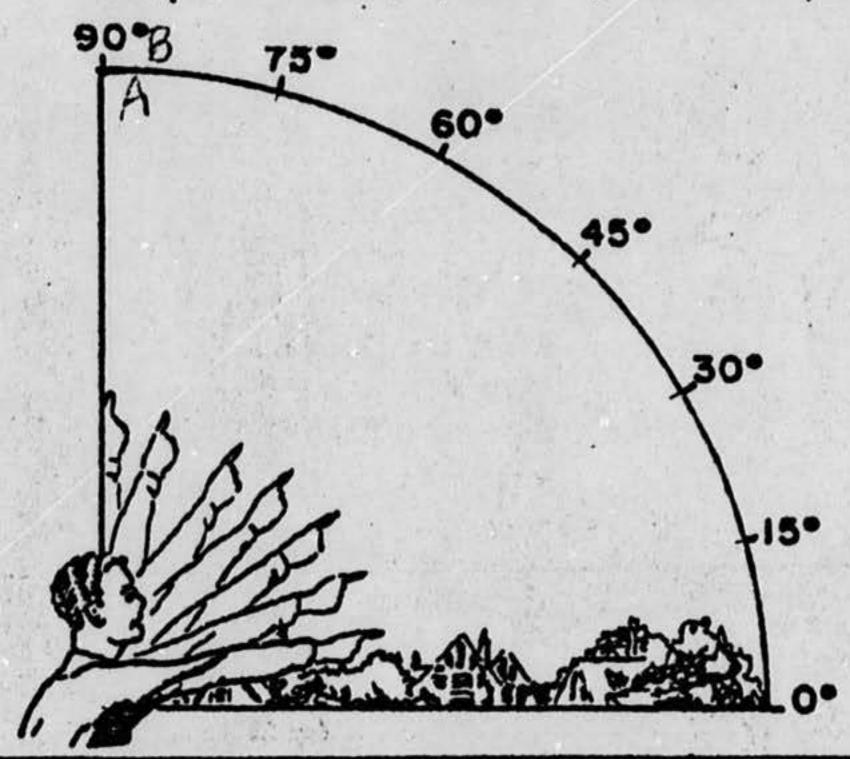
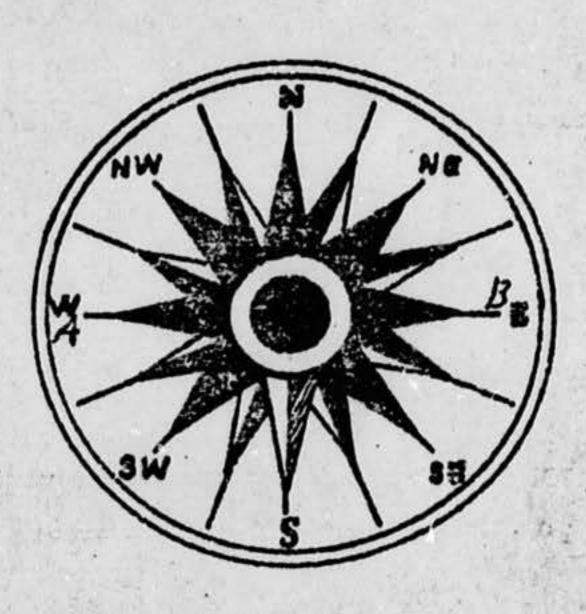
### PROJECT 10073 RECORD

**	PROJECT 100/3 RECORD
1. DATE - TIME GROUP 29 May 64 30/0104Z	2. LOCATION Palmetto, Florida
3. SOURCE civilian	10. CONCLUSION OTHER: BIRD  COMMENTS: Duration, and object being below clouds coupled
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS  one	with description of object similarity to pelican, leads to evaluation as a BIRD.
5. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION 5 - 7 seconds	Object like bird with 5 lights observed at 90 deg elevation toward West moving to 85 deg elevation in East observed for 5-7
6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION ground visual	seconds. Flight straight. Alt estimated at 300-350 ft. No sound, no trail. Believed to be below clouds. Lights were lighter colored spots.
7. COURSE East	
8. PHOTOS	
□ Yes □XNo	

FORM
FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Previous editions of this form may be used.

27. In the following sketch, imagine that you are at the point shown. Place an "A" on the curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you first saw it. Place a "B" on the same curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you last saw it. Place an "A," on the compass when you first saw it. Place a "B" on the compass where you last saw the object.





28. Draw a picture that will show the motion that the object or objects made. Place an "A" at the beginning of the path, a "B" at the end of the path, and show any changes in direction during the course.

The path of travel did not vary

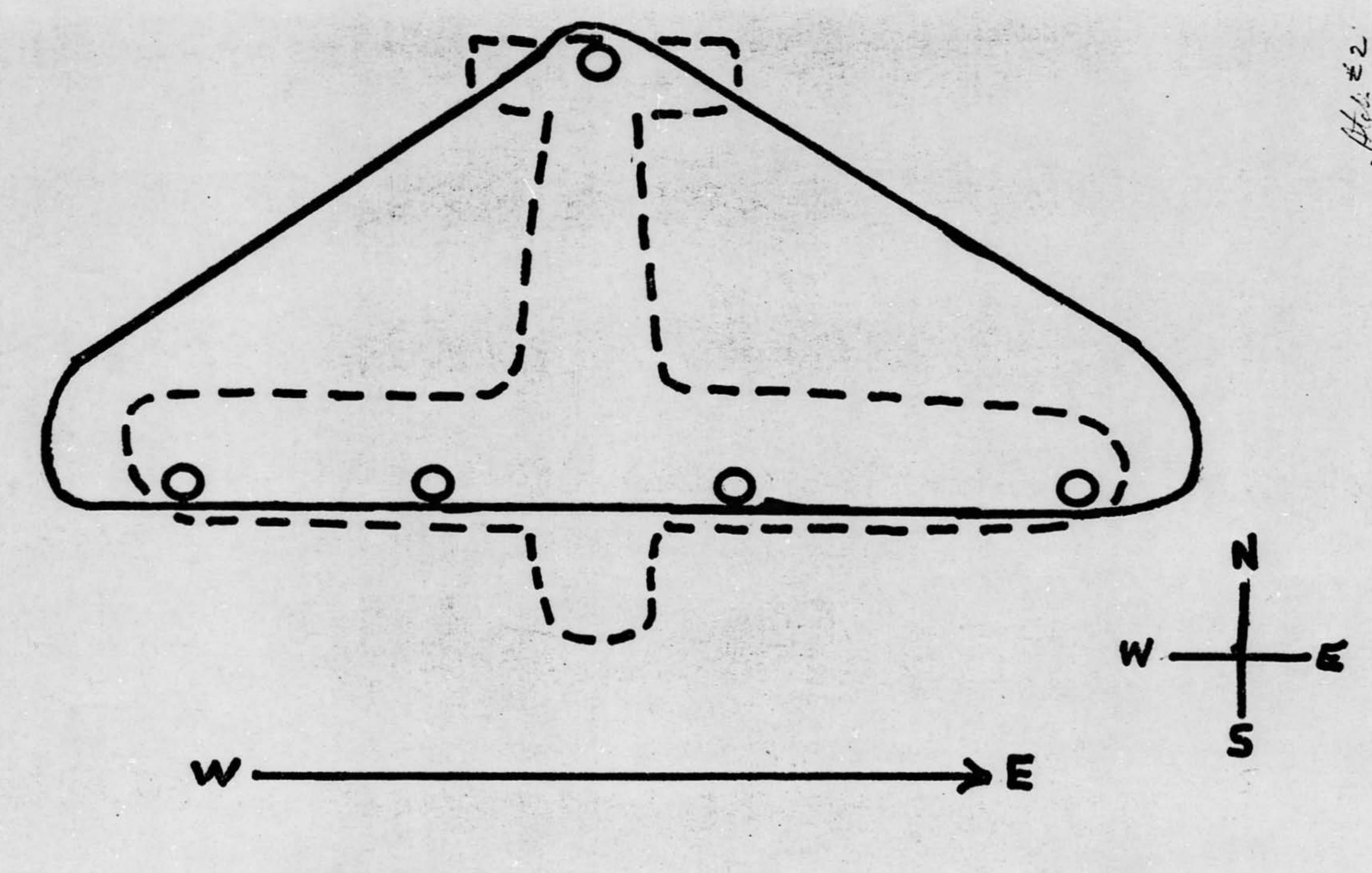
29. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? Inly one.

Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the direction that they were traveling.

30.	Have you ever seen this, or a similar object before. If so give date or dates and location. Mo
31.	Was anyone else with you at the time you saw the object? (Circle One)  Yes  No  31.1 IF you answered YES, did they see the object too? (Circle One)  Yes  No  31.2 Please list their names and addresses:
	Please give the following information about yourself:  NAME  LOSI Name  Plat Name  ADDRES  Street  City  Zone  State  TELEPHONE NUMBER  AGE 64 SEX male  Indicate any additional information about yourself, including any special experience, which might be pertinent.  A Scan the Aby every night weather permitting
33.	When and to whom did you report that you had seen the object? My landlady  29 th. May 1964  Day Month Year her daughter a

34.	Date you completed this questionnaire:	31 st.	Luly	1944 Year	
		Day	Month	Year	

35. Information which you feel pertinent and which is not adequately covered in the specific points of the questionnaire or a narrative explanation of your sighting.



4 WIND \_\_\_\_

### WEATHER INFORMATION 29 MAY 1964 - 1956E

To Whom it May Concern:

- 1. MacDill Surface Observation: 40 SCTD VSBY 15+ TEMP 76°F DEW POINT 72°F WIND 270° AT 6 KNOTS. (PARTLY CLOUDY 1/10 CLOUD COVER).
- 2. There were no thunderstorms visible at MacDill AFB.
- 3. Information concerning winds aloft and vertical temperature gradient not available.

MARTIN M. SINTEFE J Captain, USAF

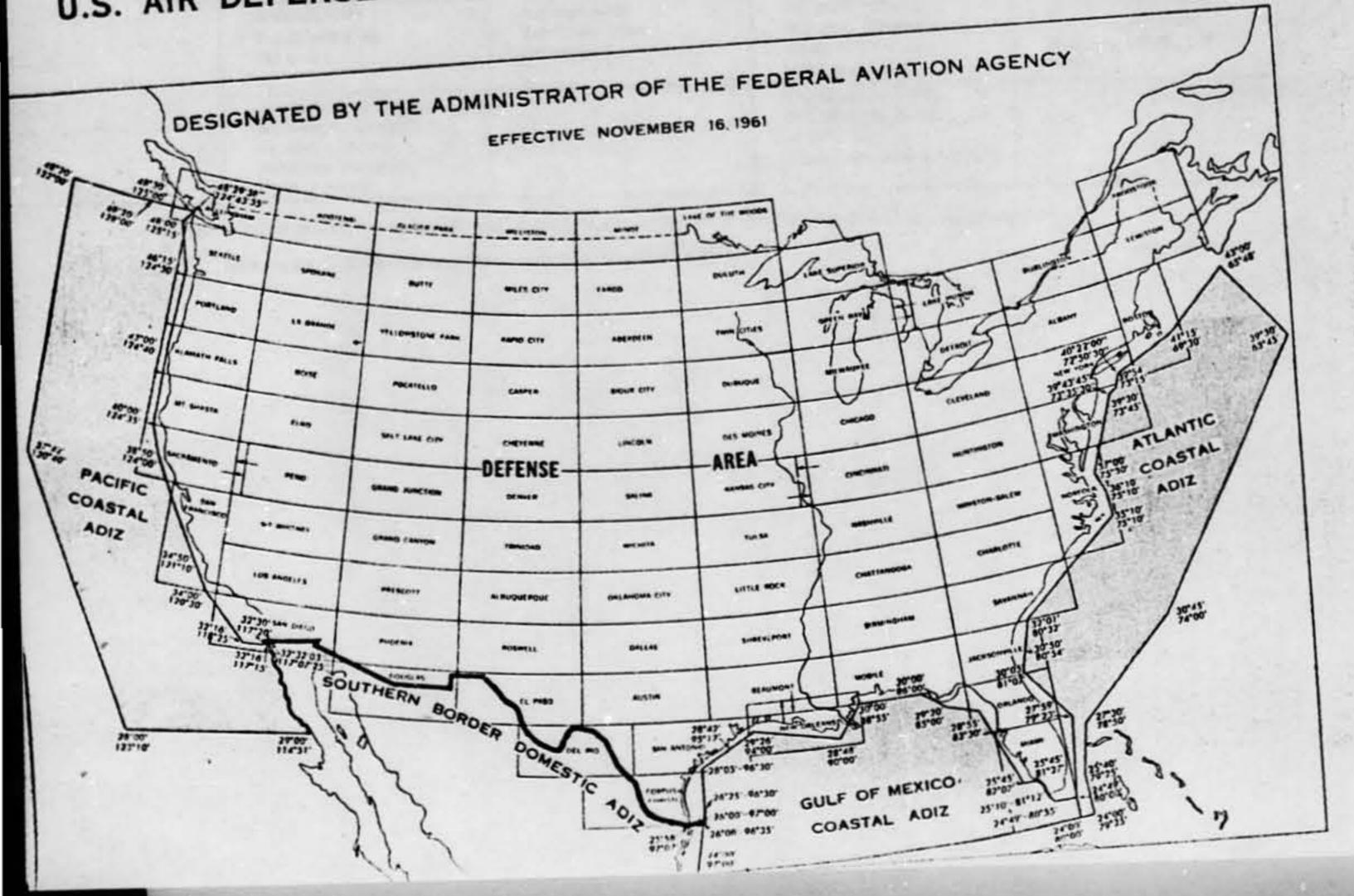
Chief Forecaster

21 September 1964

#### ELEVATIONS IN FEET 40 50 60 70 30 80 50 60 ando) 1°E 82° Haines City Knights Lake Alfred Thonotosassa LAKELAND Luke Marian 116.0 LAL :54: girport GILBERT Plant City Lake Hamilton ANDENBERG Lakeland Dundee Youmans Winter Haven Mango Stacks 500 V 152 S 2610 Sidney 4 L 32 U CYPRESE GARDENS Medulla, Highland CCity 1 50 U BARTOW-Brandon Bok lowe 公 5.03 320 861 Nichols Bartow Mulberry Alturaso Riverview Pierce 135 Lithia Homeland 3056 Pembroke Bradley Jct Agricola Stack Balm Frestproof BREWSTER-Stack FI Mealle auma 225 BARTOW Baird Bowling Green ...EBldgs Torrey Ft Green. Springs WAUCHULA AVON TARK Springs Ona Settlements Moffitt Buchanan Crewsville Parmalee Limestone Myakka City Gardne umerous lakes ARCADIA ansing 5 Cubitis WAPG 1480 Hospita 60 1 26 LL Cobins Hospital Numerous lakes Ft Ogden VENU: Murdocl El Jobean d Charlotte Punta Gorda Cleveland Bermont CHARLOTTE CO Point Comig - Numerous small 0 Acline Numerous lakes SLATER CHARLOTTE HARBOR B-1-REES

Port Boca Gr

## U.S. AIR DEFENSE IDENTIFICATION ZONES AND DEFENSE AREA



### SEARCH AND RESCUE

Search and Rescue Service is a life saving service provided through the combined efforts of the FAA, Air For Coast Guard, and Civil Air Patrol in cooperation with other organizations such as State Aeronautics Authorit Sheriffs Air Patrol, State Police, and Local Search and Rescue Units. It provides search, survival aid, and rescue personnel of missing or crashed aircraft.

- All you need to remember to obtain this valuable protection is: 1. File a Flight Plan with a FAA Flight Service Station (FSS) in person or by telephone or radio.
- 3. If you land at a location other than intended destination, report the landing to the nearest FAA Service
- 4. If you land enroute and are delayed more than an hour, report this information to the nearest service
- 5. Remember that if you fail to report within one hour after your E.T.A., a search will be started to locate y If you fail to report within three hours after your E.T.A., the full facilities of the Search and Rescue Serv

Searches are expensive, they inconvenience other people, and on numerous occasions the lives of other pilots sacrificed when searching for lost or overdue pilots. SO, FILE AN ARRIVAL REPORT IMMEDIATELY!

### GROUND TO AIR EMERGENCY CODE DISTRESS SIGNALS REQUIRE FUEL AND OIL \_\_\_\_\_

REQUIRE DOCTOR. SERIOUS
INJURIES
REQUIRE MEDICAL SUPPLIES
UNABLE TO PROCEEDX
REQUIRE FOOD AND WATER
REQUIRE FIREARMS AND
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
REQUIRE MAP AND COMPASS

١	nLive-
	BATTERY. AND RADIO K
	INDICATE DIRECTION TO PROCEED
	AM PROCEEDING IN THIS DIRECTION
	WILL ATTEMPT TAKE-OFF
	AIRCRAFT SERIOUSLY DAMAGEDL7
	PROBABLY SAFE TO LAND HERE

REQUIRE FUEL AND OIL	LL
ALL WELL	N
NO	Y
YES	
NOT UNDERSTOOD	W
REQUIRE MECHANIC	

INSTRUCTIONS:

and membals by using strips of fabric or parachutes, pieces of wood, stones, or any available material

# AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL OF CIVIL AIR REGULATIONS-PART 620-SECURITY

Operational Requirements, Abbreviated Form

		The state of the s		*
	Southern Border Domestic ADIZ	Alaskan Domostic ADIZ	Coastal ADIZa	DEWIZ
ight Plan.	Required for northbound air- eraft.	Required.	Required.	Required before take-off; ETDP required. Exception permitted in §620.14(c).
metioning Two-	Required except as stated in §620.13(b) (1) (iii).	Required except as stated in §620.13(b) (1) (iii)	Required except as stated in \$620.13(b) (1) (iii).	Required.
DIZ Tolerances in ote following 20.14(c).	Within 5 minutes of estimate and 10 nautical miles of course centerline.	Within 5 minutes of estimate and 10 nautical miles of course centerline.	Within 5 minutes of estimate and 20 nautical miles of course centerline.	Within 5 minutes of estimate and 20 nautical miles of course center-line.
sition Reports.	Normal IFR reports or - VFR give ETP at least 15 min- utes before penetration.	Normal IFR reports or - VFR give ETP at least 15 minutes before penetration.	Same as Domestic ADIZ or - inbound foreign aircraft initial report at least one hour from U.S.	Normal IFR reports or - VFR report prior to penetration. Correlation of ground filed data may be requested.
r Defense nergencies §620.17.	ALL AUTHORIZED EXCEP MAY BE ISSUED D	ALL AUTHORIZED EXCEPTIONS WILL BE SUSPENDED AND ADDITIONAL SPECIAL SECURITY INSTRUCTIONS MAY BE ISSUED DURING DEFENSE EMERGENCY OR AIR DEFENSE EMERGENCY CONDITIONS.	CY OR AIR DEFENSE EMER	DITIONAL SPECIAL SECURITY INSTRUCTIONS R DEFENSE EMERGENCY CONDITIONS.
reraft excepted	Local exemptions granted by FAA ARTCC.	Local exemptions granted by FAA ARTCC.	Local exemptions granted by FAA ARTCC.	Local exemptions granted by FAA ARTCC.
the provisions Part 620 other an §620.17.	Aircraft remaining within 10 nautical miles of departure point within the Continental U.S.	Aircraft remaining within 10 nautical miles of departure point within the Continental U.S.	Aircraft remaining within 10 nautical miles of departure point within the Continental U.S.	Aircraft remaining within 10 nautical miles of departure point within the Continental U.S.
	Aircraft with T.A.S. less than 180 knots.	Aircraft with T.A.S. less than 180 knots.	Aircraft with T.A.S. less than 180 knots, north of 28°N. or west of 85°W.	Aircraft with T.A.S. less than 180 knots - listening watch required.
	Aircraft from U.S. southbound through Southern Border ADIZ not entering Coastal ADIZ.		Flight over or within 3 nautical miles of any island in Hawaiian Coastal ADIZ.	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH

NOTE: Detailed procedures to be followed by the pilot are contained in Part 620, for sale by the Superintendent of

Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C.

Provide as much color contrast as possible between material symbols are exposed. Symbols should be at least 10 feet high or larger, if possible. Care should be taken to lay out symbols exactly as shown to avoid confusion with other symbols.

When ground is covered with snow, signals can be made by dragging, shoveling or tramping the snow. The In addition to using symbols, every effort is to be made to attract attention by means of radio, flares, smoke, or other available means

depressed areas forming the symbols will appear to be black from the air.

Pilot should acknowledge message by rocking wings from side to side. 6

# VISUAL EMERGENCY SIGNALS

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO LAND HERE	BOTH ARMS WAVED ACROSS FACE	AFFIRMATIVE (YES) (YES)	CLOTH WAVED VERTICALLY	HOW TO USE THEM IF YOU ARE FORCED DOWN AND ARE ABLE TO ATTRACT THE ATTENTION OF THE PILOT OF A RESCUE AIRPLANE, THE BODY SIGNALS ILLUSTRATED ON THIS PAGE CAN BE USED TO TRANSMIT MESSAGES TO HIM AS HE CIRCLES OVER YOUR LOCATION. STAND IN THE OPEN WHEN YOU MAKE THE SIGNALS. BE SURE THAT THE BACKGROUND, AS SEEN FROM THE AIR, IS NOT CONFUSING. GO THROUGH THE MOTIONS SLOWLY AND REPEAT EACH SIGNAL UNTIL YOU ARE POSITIVE THAT THE PILOT UNDERSTANDS YOU.
MEED MECHANICAL HELP OR PARTS - LONG DELAY	BOTH ARMS HORIZONTAL	NEGATIVE (NO)	CLOTH WAVED HORIZONTALLY	HOW TO USE THEM IF YOU ARE FORCED DOWN AND ARI OF THE PILOT OF A RESCUE AIRPLAN ON THIS PAGE CAN BE USED TO TR CIRCLES OVER YOUR LOCATION. ST. THE SIGNALS. BE SURE THAT THE BA IS NOT CONFUSING. GO THROUGH FACH SIGNAL UNTIL YOU ARE POSIT YOU.
CAN PROCEED SHORTLY -	ONE ARM HORIZONTAL	OUR RECEIVER IS OPERATING	CUP HANDS OVER EARS	NEGATIVE (NO) FISHTAIL PLANE
ALL OK - CO DO NOT WAIT	WAVE ONE ARM OVERHEAD	USE DROP MESSAGE	MAKE THROWING MOTION	AFFIRMATIVE (YES)  DIP NOSE OF PLANE SEVERAL TIMES
URGENT USED ONLY WHEN LIFE IS AT STAKE	LIE SUPINE	CAND HERE	BOTH ARMS FORWARD HORIZON – TALLY, SQUATTING AND POINTING IN DIRECTION OF LANDING - REPEAT	PICK US UP - BELANE ABANDONED

### HEADQUARTERS 836TH AIR DIVISION (TAC) UNITED STATES AIR FORCE MACDILL AIR FORCE BASE, FLORIDA



REPLY TO

DOI 12

1 2 OCT 1964

SUBJECT: UFO Report

To: Air Force Systems Command
Foreign Technology Division (TDEW)
Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

The attached report is transmitted to you in accordance with AFR 200-2.

FOR THE COMMANDER

EDWARD H. CONNOR, III

Colonel, USAF

Deputy Commander for Operations

1 Atch

UFO Report

### HEADQUARTERS 836TH AIR DIVISION (TAC)

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE MACDILL AIR FORCE BASE, FLORIDA



ATTN OF: DOI 12

SUBJECT: UFO Report

TO: AFSC (FTD), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

The following report is the analysis of an Unidentified Flying Object observed on 29 May 1964 and reported to this office during August. The format used is that given in AFR 200-2.

a.

- (1) The UFO was triangular shaped.
- (2) The size of the UFO was approximately one fourth x the size of a match head held at an arm's length.
- (3) Color of the object was dark with five lighter colored spots.
  - (4) There was only one object.
  - (5) None.
- (6) The craft was described as, "a distinct triangular silhouette with four lights in line along one edge and a single light at the apex of the triangle".
  - (7) None.
  - (8) None.
  - (9) None.

b.

- (1) N/A.
- (2) The UFO appeared almost directly overhead coming from due West.
- (3) The UFO disappeared when its position was approximately above the horizon with a heading of due East.
- (4) The UFO appeared in the West and traveled in a straight line to the East. The heading of the object was 090°.

- (5) "The object disappeared as a large dark bird would after dark."
  - (6) The UFO was in sight for 5 7 seconds.

c.

- (1) The sighting was a ground-visual.
- (2) There were no optical aids other than the observer's eyeglasses.

d.

- (1) The sighting was on 29 May at 0104 hours Zulu time.
- (2) The sighting was at night.
- e. The approximate position of the observer was 0823500W by 273000N.

f.

(1) Age 64
Street, Palmetto, Florida Ph Manager

(2) N/A.

g.

- (1) The observer noted the weather as cloudy with no apparent moon and a few stars visible.
  - (2) thru (6) See attached weather report.
  - (7) N/Available.
  - h. None reported.
  - i. N/A.
  - j. None reported.
  - k. Air Intelligence Officer, DAFSC 8054.

The reliability of the subject is doubtful. Weather conditions were clear and the Highway Patrol reported no sighting. There is no apparent substantiating material. I doubt the veracity of the observer's statement.

FAA reports an aircraft in the vicinity at the time of the sighting. The aircraft was on a flight from Orlando to Sarasota, arriving Sarasota 2009 local time (see attached map). The aircraft was a PA22 #5080Z. There are five lights visible from the ground on this aircraft. The port and starboard wing lights plus two landing lights which form four lights in line. A single tail light is visible.

As stated in the attached weather report, the wind direction was 270° at 6 knots. Under these conditions an aircraft making a landing at the Sarasota Airport would land on the runway heading East and West with the aircraft heading approximately 90°. Such a landing pattern might put the aircraft over the Palmetto area sometime between 2000 and 2009 hours local time.

During a phone conversation with some on 15 September 1964, he amended his estimate of the object's speed to "slightly more than the speed of a jet airliner." Also, he emphasized that, "the outline of the object was very distinct."

It is my opinion that the sighting was the PA22 previously mentioned. The cloud movement may have given the aircraft the illusion of traveling from West to East (see illustration). I cannot justify the observer's estimate of speed and his observation that the craft emitted no sound. However, I might submit that a possible explanation for this phenomena is that the object was too far away to be heard and/or there may have been a fault in the observer's hearing sense. In consideration of the observer's estimate of speed, I would suggest that his estimate is inaccurate due to the fact that he is an unqualified observer.

1. None.

Dale C. Hogue

DALE C. HOGUE, A03159993

2dLt, USAF

4 Atch

1. FTD Form 164

2. Drawing

3. Weather Info.

4. Map (Miami)

### U.S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION

This questionnaire has been prepared so that you can give the U.S. Air Force as much information as possible concerning the unidentified aerial phenomenon that you have observed. Please try to answer as many questions as you possibly can. The information that you give will be used for research purposes. Your name will not be used in connection with any statements, conclusions, or publications without your permission. We request this personal information so that if it is deemed necessary, we may contact you for further details.

1. When did you see the object?	2. Time of day: 8	Minutes
29th. Mary 1964 Nonth Your	(Circle One): A.M.	or (P.M.)
3. Time Zone:  (Circle One): (a) Eastern b. Central c. Mountain d. Pacific e. Other	(Circle One): a. Daylight S	aving
4. Where were you when you saw the object?		
Rolmotto II	Trini.	0,5500
Negrest Postal Address	City or Town S	tate or County
(b.) Fairly certain d.	Hours Minutes Second Not very sure Just a guess col of object  No No	
6. What was the condition of the sky?		
	GHT	
a. Bright b. Cloudy  6.	Bright Cloudy	
7. IF you saw the object during DAYLIGHT, where was	the SUN located as you looked at th	he abject?
	To your left Overhead Don't remember	

8. IF you saw the object at NIGHT, what did you notice co 8.1 STARS (Circle One): 8.2 MOC	
	ON (Circle One):
a. None b. A few c. Many	Bright moonlight Dull moonlight No moonlight — pitch dark Don't remember
9. What were the weather conditions at the time you saw the	e object?
CLOUDS (Circle One): WEATHE	R (Circle One):
a. Clear sky b. Hazy b. Fog,	mist, or light rain
d. Thick or heavy clouds d. Snow	rate or heavy rain
10. The object appeared; (Circle One):	
a. Solid b. Transparent c. Vapor d. As a light e. Don't remember	
11. If it appeared as a light, was it brighter than the brighter  a. Brighter  b. Dimmer  c. About the standard d. Don't know  11.1 Compare brightness to some common object:	
The under side of a	
12. The edges of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star	e. Other
12. The edges of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred	
12. The edges of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined	

14. Did the object disappear while you were watching it? If so, how?  I she object disappeared as a large dark bird would ofter dark.
15. Did the object move behind something at any time, particularly a cloud?  (Circle One): Yes (No) Don't Know. IF you answered YES, then tell what
it moved behind:
16. Did the object move in front of semething at any time, particularly a cloud?
(Circle One): Yes) No Don't Know IF you answered YES, then tell what in front of: This object traveled under very low Clouds
Clouds
17. Tell in a few words the following things about the object:  a. Sound
6. Color dark with five lighter Colored spots
18. We wish to know the angular size. Hold a match stick at arm's length in line with a known object and note how much of the object is covered by the head of the match. If you had performed this experiment at the time of the sighting, how much of the object would have been covered by the match head?  A would say not more than one fourth
18. We wish to know the angular size. Hold a match stick at arm's length in line with a known object and note how much of the object is covered by the head of the match. If you had performed this experiment at the time of the sighting, how much of the object would have been covered by the match head?
18. We wish to know the angular size. Hold a match stick at arm's length in line with a known object and note how much of the object is covered by the head of the match. If you had performed this experiment at the time of the sighting, how much of the object would have been covered by the match head?  I would say not more than one fourth  19. Draw a picture that will show the shape of the object or objects. Label and include in your sketch any details of the object that you saw such as wings, protrusions, etc., and especially exhaust trails or vapor trails.  Place an arrow beside the drawing to show the direction the object was moving.

	you answered YES, to			R				
N 44 4	(Circle One)	~3	No					
IF	you answered YES, 1			u say	it was? 250	to 30	701	
924 000	here were you located	when you so	w the object?		23. Were you (	Circle One	,	
1	ircle One):		Sign To		a. In the	business s	ection of a city?	
0	Inside a building			1,5	(b) In the	residential	section of a city	?
	In a car	5-3-1				countrysi	de?	
	) Outdoors				d. Near a			
	In an airplane (type)					over a city		
	Other			rs l		over open		
· The state	you were MOVING IN	1			nicle at the time	, then com	plete the followin	g questions;
2	a. North b. Northeast	re you movin c. d.	g? (Circle One East Southeast	_mile	e. South f. Southwes es per hour.		g. West h. Northwest	
2	a. North b. Northeast	re you movin c. d.	g? (Circle One East Southeast	_mile	e. South f. Southwes es per hour.		g. West	
2	a. North b. Northeast	re you movin c. d.	g? (Circle One East Southeast you were look	_mile	e. South f. Southwes es per hour.		g. West	
24	a. North b. Northeast 1.2 How fast were you 1.3 Did you stop at an	re you moving? d. moving? ny time while Ye	g? (Circle One East Southeast you were look s No	_mile	e. South  f. Southwes  es per hour.  at the object?		g. West	
25. D	a. North b. Northeast 1.2 How fast were you 1.3 Did you stop at an (Circle One)	re you moving? d. moving? ny time while Ye	g? (Circle One East Southeast you were look s No	mile ing a	e. South  f. Southwes  es per hour.  at the object?		g. West	
25. D	a. North b. Northeast 1.2 How fast were you 1.3 Did you stop at an (Circle One) 1.4 you observe the object. 2. Eyeglasses 3. Sun glasses	re you moving? or time while Yes Yes Yes	g? (Circle One East Southeast  you were look s No any of the follo	wing of.	e. South f. Southwes es per hour. It the object?  Binoculars Telescope	Yes	g. West h. Northwest No No	
25. D	a. North b. Northeast 1.2 How fast were you 1.3 Did you stop at an (Circle One) 1.4 you observe the object. 2. Eyeglasses 3. Eyeglasses 4. Sun glasses 5. Sun glasses 6. Windshield	re you moving? of through  Yes Yes Yes Yes	g? (Circle One East Southeast  you were look s No any of the follow No No No No No No	wing of.	e. South f. Southwes es per hour. It the object?  Binoculars Telescope Theodolite	Yes	g. West h. Northwest	
25. D	a. North b. Northeast 1.2 How fast were you 1.3 Did you stop at an (Circle One) 1.4 you observe the object. 2. Eyeglasses 3. Sun glasses	re you moving? or time while Yes Yes Yes	g? (Circle One East Southeast  you were look s No any of the follow No No	wing of.	e. South f. Southwes es per hour. It the object?  Binoculars Telescope	Yes	g. West h. Northwest No No	